year and made known to the police was 388,585, and the number of prosecutions was 296,321 or 76·2 p.c. of the known offences. Convictions secured in respect of these offences numbered 247,242, being 63·6 p.c. of the known offences and 83·4 p.c. of the prosecutions.

The number of automobiles reported stolen was 7,936, of which 7,895 were recovered. Of 13,218 bicycles stolen, 6,669 were recovered. The value of other lost articles reported to the police was \$2,105,934, of which \$1,001,765 or 48 p.c. was recovered.

16.—Police Statistics of Canadian	Cities and Towns,	by Provinces,	calendar years
1	1933 and 1934.	Ť	•

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Year and Province.	Cities and Towns.	Popu- lation.	Police.	Arrests.	Sum- monses.	Population per Policeman.	Arrests per Policeman.
1933.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Prince Edward Island	1	12,361	8	311	318	1,545	39
Nova Scotia	13	176,444	134	4,485	1,711	1,317	3
New Brunswick	6	94,005	83	2,693	637	1,133	3:
Quebec	43	1,435,110	1,942	47, 1651	57,8591	739	2.
Ontario	72	1,756,865	1,841	27,796	94,949	959	1:
Manitoba	7	273,012	315 130	$5,147 \\ 2,551$	$14,124 \\ 2,291$	867 1,146	10 20
Saskatchewan	8 4	149,015 186,747	195	3,376	4,108	988	1
AlbertaBritish Columbia	10	349, 191	439	6,924	4,240	795	į i
<b>Canada</b>	164	4,432,750	5,087	100,4481	180,2371	873	2
		12,361	g	439	304	1,373	3:
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia	13	176,444	138	4,403	803	1,278	3
New Brunswick	6	94,005	86	2,963	759	1,093	š
Quebec	· -	1,435,110	1.996	48,985	58,203	718	2
Ontario		1,756,865	1,860	29,693	100,651	944	1:
Manitoba	7	273,012	315	4,373	16,633	866	13
Saskatchewan	8	149,015	125	2,194	2,371	1,192	13
Alberta	_4	186,747	195	3,618	4,777	957	11
British Columbia	10	349, 191	433	7,628	14,491	806	11
Canada	164	4,432,750	5,157	104,296	198,992	860	20

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Revised since the publication of the 1934-35 Year Book.

## Section 6.—Penitentiary Statistics.\*

The Penitentiaries Branch of the Department of Justice is charged with the administration of the various penitentiaries of Canada. Seven institutions are included in the system, the two largest of which are at Portsmouth, Ont., and St.-Vincent de Paul, Que., while the other five are at Dorchester, N.B.; Prince Albert, Sask.; Stony Mountain, Man.; New Westminster (including Piers Island), B.C. and Collins Bay, Ont. During the fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 1935, the average daily population of these institutions was 3,895 and the total net expenditure for the year was \$2,569,945 or \$659.80 per capita, compared with 4,358 average daily population and \$2,554,890 total net expenditure or \$586.25 per capita for the year 1934.

The Piers Island Penitentiary, which is administered by the warden of the New Westminster institution, was provided in 1932 for the custody of members of the Doukhobor colony who were given three-year sentences. Those in custody at Piers Island Penitentiary on Mar. 31, 1933, numbered 570 and on Mar. 31, 1934, 531. This special institution was closed on Mar. 28, 1935, the remaining 39 prisoners (all males) being transferred to the British Columbia Penitentiary at New Westminster. As the inclusion of this population in the general penitentiary statistics affects the comparability of the statistics of these years with those of former and

<sup>\*</sup> Penitentiary statistics are also summarized from the institutional side at p. 1010. A historical sketch of penitentiaries is given on p. 1008.